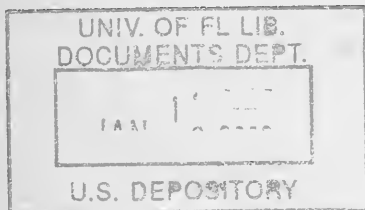


NATIONAL RECOVERY ADMINISTRATION

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AMENDMENT TO  
CODE OF FAIR COMPETITION  
FOR THE  
CAST IRON SOIL PIPE  
INDUSTRY

AS APPROVED ON JULY 10, 1934



UNITED STATES  
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE  
WASHINGTON: 1934

## REPORT TO THE PRESIDENT

The PRESIDENT,  
*The White House.*

SIR: This is a report on an Amendment to the Code of Fair Competition for the Cast Iron Soil Pipe Industry, the Code having been approved by your order dated September 7, 1933.

Notice of opportunity to be heard on this amendment was duly posted to all interested parties providing an opportunity to file objections to this amendment within a fourteen (14) day period, and unless due cause to the contrary is shown within this period, this amendment will become effective on July 16, 1934.

The Code is amended to provide that willful destructive price cutting is an unfair method of competition and is forbidden and the amendment further provides for the establishment of minimum prices during the period of emergency.

### FINDINGS

The Assistant Deputy Administrator in his final report to me on said amendment to said Code having found as herein set forth and on the basis of all the proceedings in this matter:

I find that:

(a) The amendment to said code and the Code as amended are well designed to promote the policies and purposes of Title I of the National Industrial Recovery Act including the removal of obstructions to the free flow of interstate and foreign commerce which tend to diminish the amount thereof, and will provide for the general welfare by promoting the organization of industry for the purpose of cooperative action of labor and management under adequate governmental sanction and supervision, by eliminating unfair competitive practices, by promoting the fullest possible utilization of the present productive capacity of industries, by avoiding undue restriction of production (except as may be temporarily required), by increasing the consumption of industrial and agricultural products through increasing purchasing power, by reducing and relieving unemployment, by improving standards of labor, and by otherwise rehabilitating industry.

(b) The Code as amended complies in all respects with the pertinent provisions of said Title of said Act, including without limitation sub-section (a) of Section 3, sub-section (a) of Section 7 and sub-section (b) of Section 10 thereof.

(c) The amendment and the Code as amended are not designed to and will not permit monopolies or monopolistic practices.

(d) The amendment and the Code as amended are not designed to and will not eliminate or oppress small enterprises and will not operate to discriminate against them.

(e) Those engaged in other steps of the economic process have not been deprived of the right to be heard prior to approval of said amendment.

For these reasons therefore, I have approved this amendment.

Respectfully,

HUGH S. JOHNSON,  
*Administrator.*

JULY 10, 1934.

## AMENDMENT TO CODE OF FAIR COMPETITION FOR THE CAST IRON SOIL PIPE INDUSTRY

SECTION 17. The standards of fair competition for the industry with reference to pricing practices are declared to be as follows:

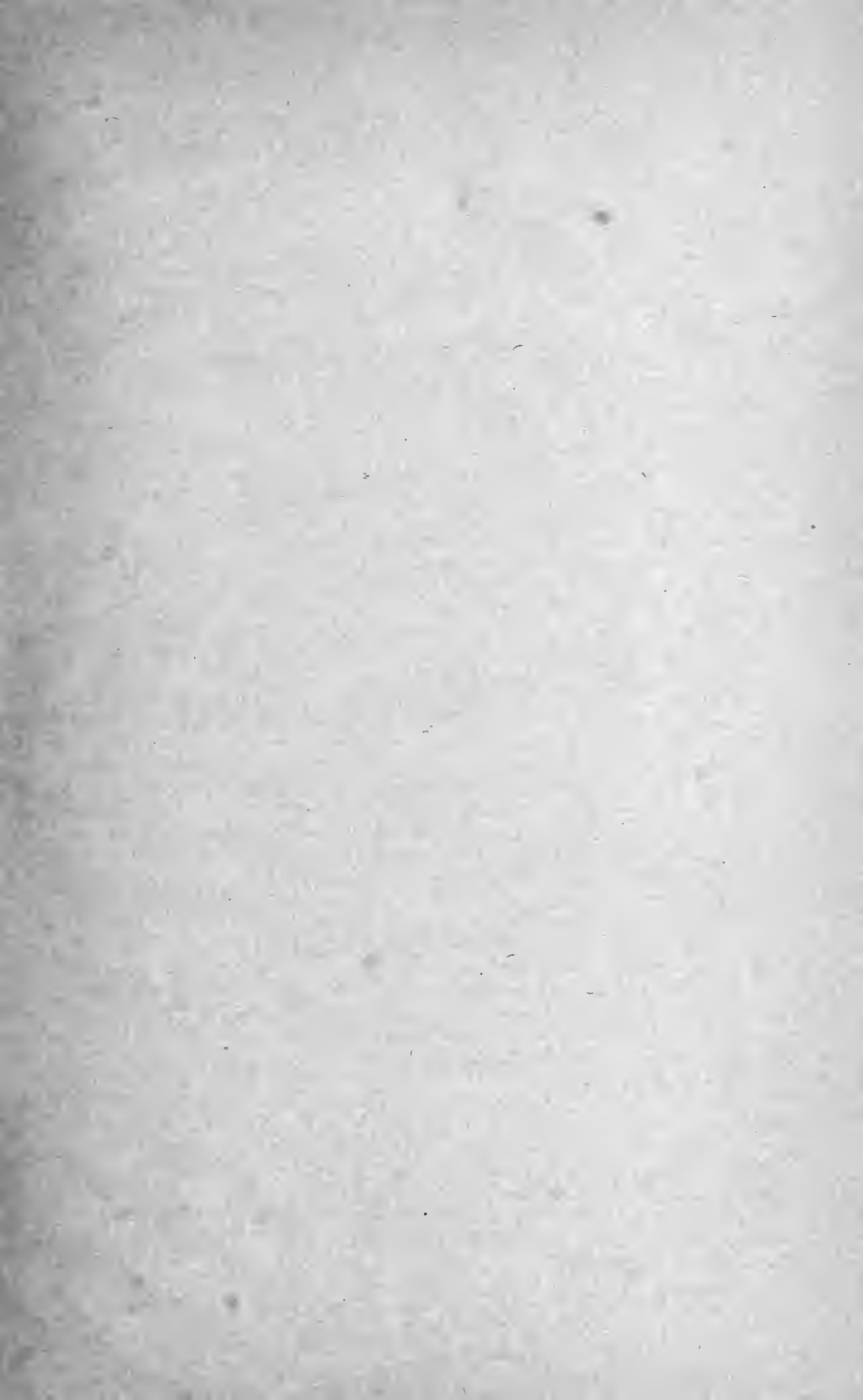
(a) Wilfully destructive price cutting is an unfair method of competition and is forbidden. Any member of the industry or of any other industry or the customers of either may at any time complain to the Code Authority that any filed price constitutes unfair competition as destructive price cutting, imperiling small enterprise or tending toward monopoly or the impairment of code wages and working conditions. The Code Authority shall within 5 days afford an opportunity to the member filing the price to answer such complaint and shall within 14 days make a ruling or adjustment thereon. If such ruling is not concurred in by either party to the complaint, all papers shall be referred to the Research and Planning Division of N.R.A. which shall render a report and recommendation thereon to the Administrator.

(b) When no declared emergency exists as to any given product, there is to be no fixed minimum basis for prices. It is intended that sound cost estimating methods should be used and that consideration should be given to costs in the determination of pricing policies.

(c) When an emergency exists as to any given product, sale below the stated minimum price of such product, in violation of Section 18 hereof, is forbidden.

SECTION 18. *Emergency Provisions.*—If the Administrator, after investigation shall at any time find both (1) that an emergency has arisen within the industry adversely affecting small enterprises or wages or labor conditions, or tending toward monopoly or other acute conditions which tend to defeat the purposes of the Act; and (2) that the determination of the stated minimum price for a specified product within the industry for a limited period is necessary to mitigate the conditions constituting such emergency and to effectuate the purposes of the Act, the Code Authority may cause an impartial agency to investigate costs and to recommend to the Administrator a determination of the stated minimum price of the product affected by the emergency and thereupon the Administrator may proceed to determine such stated minimum price.

(b) When the Administrator shall have determined such stated minimum price for a specified product for a stated period, which price shall be reasonably calculated to mitigate the conditions of such emergency and to effectuate the purposes of the National Industrial Recovery Act, he shall publish such price. Thereafter, during such stated period, no member of the industry shall sell such specified products at a net realized price below said stated minimum price and any such sale shall be deemed destructive price cutting. From time to time, the Code Authority may recommend review or reconsideration or the Administrator may cause any determinations hereunder to be reviewed or reconsidered and appropriate action taken.



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